§ 261.20

Subpart B—What Are the Provisions Addressing State Accountability?

§ 261.20 How will we hold a State accountable for achieving the work objectives of TANF?

- (a) Each State must meet two separate work participation rates, one—the two-parent rate—based on how well it succeeds in helping adults in two-parent families find work activities described at §261.30, the other—the overall rate—based on how well it succeeds in finding those activities for adults in all the families that it serves.
- (b) Each State must submit data that allows us to measure its success in requiring adults to participate in work activities, as specified at §265.3 of this chapter.
- (c) If the data show that a State met both participation rates in a fiscal year, then the percentage of historic State expenditures that it must expend under TANF, pursuant to §263.1 of this chapter, decreases from 80 percent to 75 percent for that fiscal year. This is also known as the State's TANF "maintenance-of-effort" requirement.
- (d) If the data show that a State did not meet either minimum work participation rate for a fiscal year, a State could be subject to a financial penalty.
- (e) Before we impose a penalty, a State will have the opportunity to claim reasonable cause or enter into a corrective compliance plan, pursuant to §§ 262.5 and 262.6 of this chapter.

§ 261.21 What overall work rate must a State meet?

Each State must achieve the following minimum overall participation rate:

If the fiscal year is:	Then the minimum participation rate is:
1997	25
1998	30
1999	35
2000	40
2001	45
2002 and thereafter	50

§ 261.22 How will we determine a State's overall work rate?

- (a) The overall participation rate for a fiscal year is the average of the State's overall participation rates for each month in the fiscal year.
- (b) We determine a State's overall participation rate for a month as follows:
- (1) The number of families receiving TANF assistance that include an adult or a minor head-of-household who is engaged in work for the month (i.e., the numerator), divided by,
- (2) The number of families receiving TANF assistance during the month that include an adult or a minor head-of-household, minus the number of families that are subject to a penalty for refusing to work in that month (i.e., the denominator). However, if a family has been sanctioned for more than three of the last 12 months, we will not exclude it from the participation rate calculation.
- (3) The State may direct us, through its reported participation data, to include in the participation calculation families that have been sanctioned for no more than three of the last 12 months.
- (c)(1) A State has the option of not requiring a single custodial parent caring for a child under age one to engage in work.
- (2) At State option, we will disregard a family with such a parent from the participation rate calculation for a maximum of 12 months.
- (d)(1) If a family receives assistance for only part of a month, we will count it as a month of participation if an adult in the family is engaged in work for the minimum average number of hours in each full week that the family receives assistance in that month.
- (2) If a State pays benefits retroactively (i.e., for the period between application and approval of benefits), it has the option to consider the family to be receiving assistance during the period of retroactivity.

§ 261.23 What two-parent work rate must a State meet?

A State receiving a TANF grant for a fiscal year must achieve the following